

Debian: 19 years and counting

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Debian Project Leader

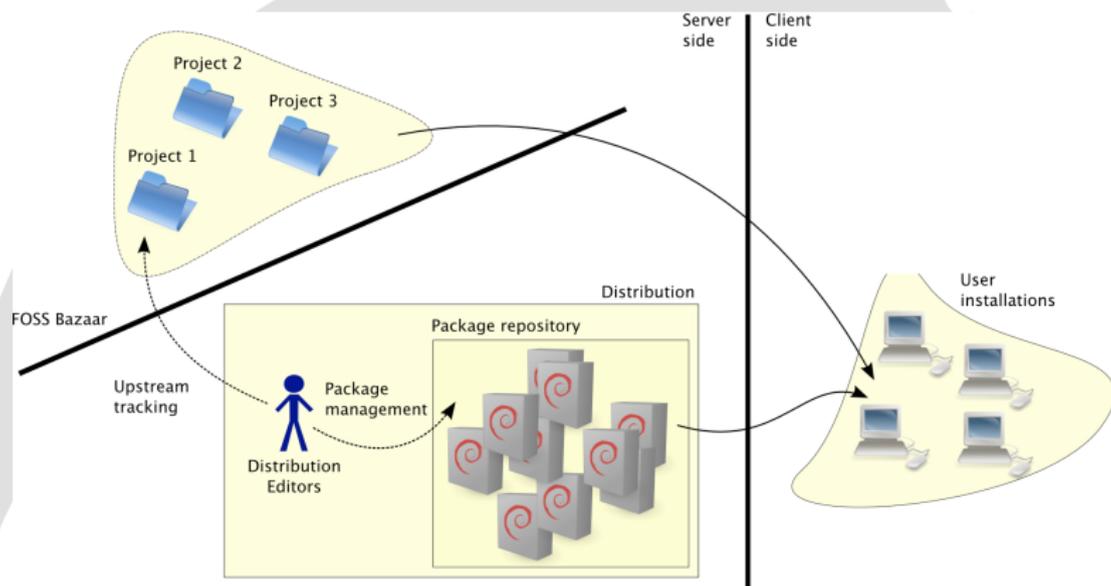
25 June 2012

Debian for Scientific Facilities Days
European Synchrotron Radiation Facility
Grenoble, France

Outline

- 1 Debian and Wheezy
- 2 Specialties
- 3 Derivatives
- 4 Contribute

Prelude — the notion of “distribution”



- distributions are meant to ease **software management**
- key notion: the abstraction of **package**
- offer **coherent collections** of software
- killer application: **package managers**

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Debian: once upon a time

Fellow Linuxers,

*This is just to announce the imminent completion of a **brand-new Linux release**, which I'm calling the **Debian Linux Release**. [...]*

*Ian A Murdock, 16/08/1993
comp.os.linux.development*

- make GNU/Linux **competitive** with commercial OS
- **easy** to install
- built **collaboratively** by software experts
- 1st major distro developed “**openly** in the spirit of GNU”
FSF-supported for a while

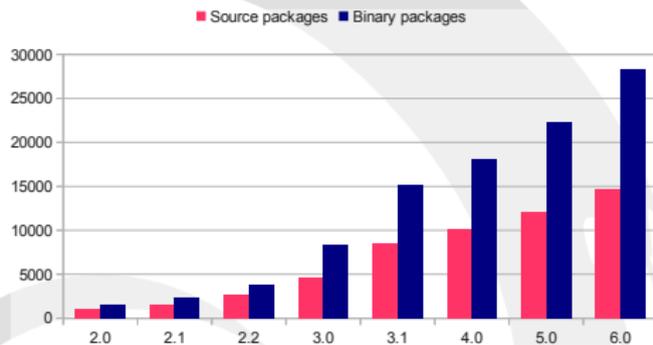
Debian: the operating system

flagship product: **Debian stable**

- binary distribution
- completely Free (DFSG)
- released every 24 months (\approx)
- a dozen architectures
- archive-wide security support (3-3.5 years)

renowned for

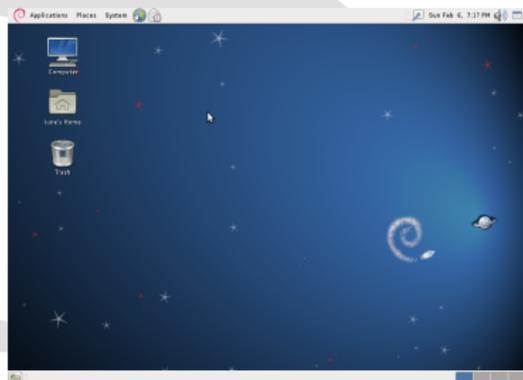
ports, stability, packaging system, old hardware support, documentation, smooth upgrades, i18n/l10n, the testing suite, runs anywhere, technical policy, package choice, ...



one of the largest GNU/Linux
porting platforms

Debian 6.0 “Squeeze” — looking back

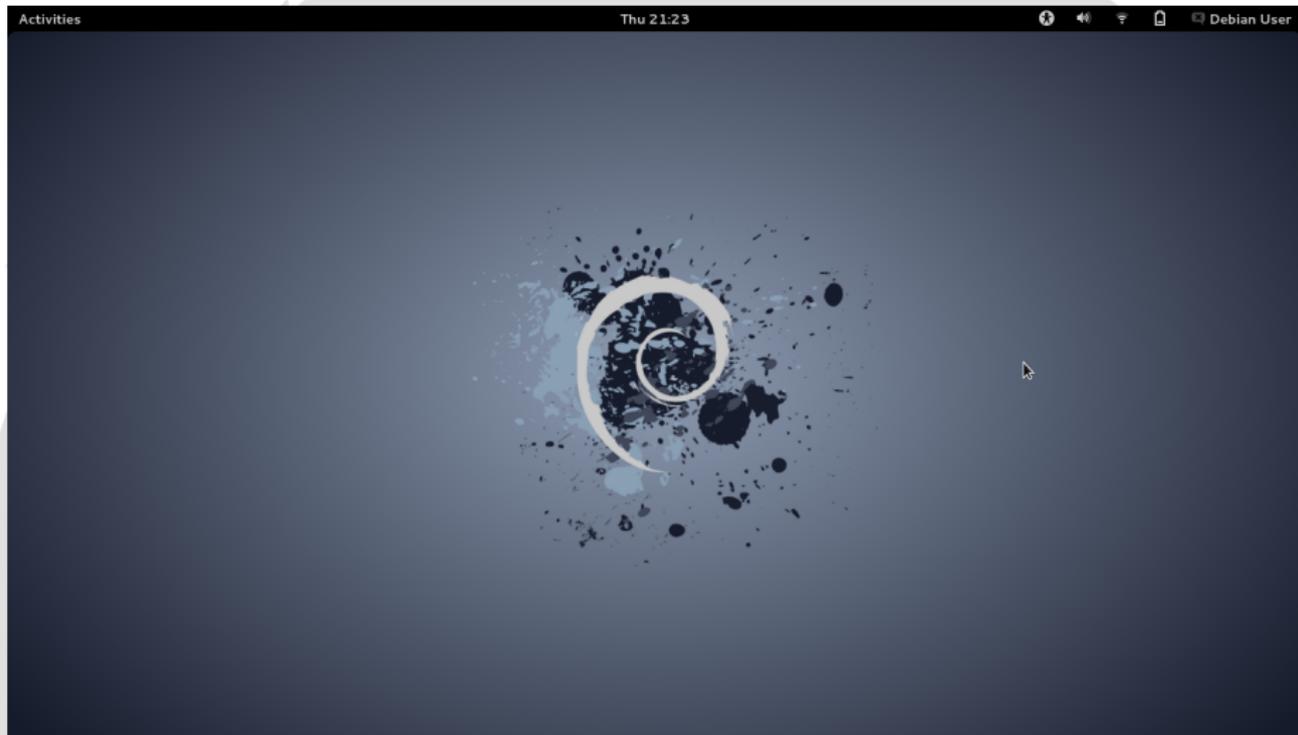
- dependency-based boot system (faster, more robust)
 - ▶ completely **Free Linux kernel**, firmware included
- **GNU/kFreeBSD**
- improved **debian-installer**
 - ▶ ext4, btrfs
 - ▶ ZFS (on kFreeBSD)
 - ▶ ease complex setups e.g. LVM + RAID + encryption
- **Debian Pure Blends**
 - ▶ Debian Edu, Debian Med, Debian Science, Debian GIS, DebiChem, ...
 - ▶ blends.alioth.debian.org



new services:

- snapshot.debian.org
- backports.debian.org
- stable-updates
- screenshots.d.net
- ask.debian.net

Debian 7.0 “Wheezy” — looking forward



<http://wiki.debian.org/DebianArt/Themes/Joy>



Debian 7.0 “Wheezy” — looking forward (cont.)

- **multiarch**
proper technical way of sharing packages across archs
 - ▶ 3rd party software, easily
 - ▶ cross-compilation
- **private cloud** deployment
 - ▶ OpenStack, Xen/XCP, ...
- new archs: **armhf, s390x**
- **desktop**: GNOME 3.4, KDE Plasma 4.8, XFCE, ...
- upgrades throughout the archive



Timeline

- freeze: June 30th, 2012
- release: *when it's ready*TM
ETA: Q4 2012 - Jan 2013

Contribute, today

- install or upgrade to Wheezy
- report bugs (+ patches)

Debian: the Project

Common goal:

Create the best, Free operating system.

Debian Social Contract

(1997)

- 100% Free Software
- don't hide problems
- give back
- priorities: users & Free Software

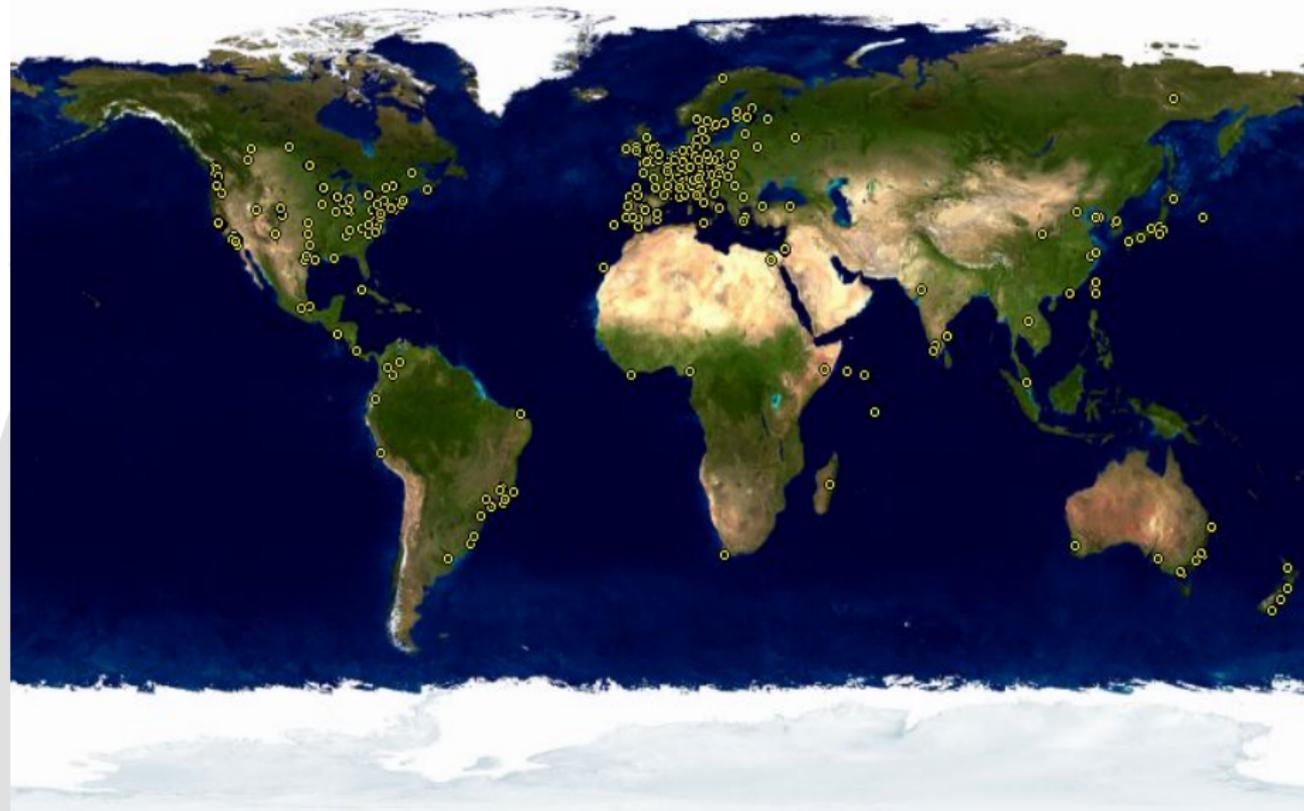
Debian Constitution

(1998)

Structures and rules of a Free-Software-compatible democracy

Strong motive to join: \approx 1'000 **volunteers, world-wide**

Debian: the Project (cont.)



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Debian: one of a kind?

1993 — not many distros back then

19 years later — *lots* of other distros

openSUSE, Linux Mint, PCLinuxOS, Slackware, Gentoo Linux, CentOS, FreeBSD, Arch, Sabayon, Puppy, Lubuntu, MEPIS, Ultimate, NetBSD, Tiny Core, Zenwalk, CrunchBang, Dreamlinux, Vector, Kubuntu, Maemo, Red Hat, aptosid, Peppermint, PC-BSD, Chakra, Salix, ClearOS, KNOPPIX, Xubuntu, Super OS, BackTrack, gOS, TinyMe, Zentyal, EasyPeasy, Frugalware, Clonezilla, Pardus, Meego, OpenBSD, Quirky, PC/OS, Zorin, **Debian**, SystemRescue, Element, Unity, SliTaz, Macpup, wattOS, Scientific, Mythbuntu, Slax, DragonFLY, Elive, linux-gamers, 64 Studio, Ubuntu, mageia, Nexenta, Parisx, NuTyX, GhostBSD, Kongoni, moonOS, LFS, Lunar, Imagineos, Untangle, Fedora, Yellow Dog, aLinux, Yoper, IPFire, BlankOn, Mandriva, PureOS, FreeNAS, Moblin, Linpus, TurboLinux, blackPanther, ...

with many **differences**:

- technical choices
- release management
- release schedule
- target user
- community
- support
- packaging system
- user base
- look & feel
- ...

How is Debian different?

Debian's special #1: package quality

“ Culture of technical excellence ”

- package **design**: Policy
i.e. “how a package should look like”
- package **testing**: lintian, piuparts,
archive rebuilds (FTBFS), ...
- package maintainers are **software experts**
- **no 2nd class packages**, all are equal

Debian release mantra

we release when it's ready

Debian's special #2: freedom

Firm principles: developers and users bound by the *Social Contract*

- 1 promoting the “culture of Free Software” since 1993
- 2 **Free the bottom up**
 - ▶ in its software
firmware included !
 - ▶ in its infrastructure
no non-free web services (for users)
no non-free services (for developers)

Community awareness

- users know
- users trust Debian not to betray Free Software principles
- **high bar for software freedom** advocates

Debian's special #3: independence

Debian is an **independent** project

- no (single) company babysitting us
- living up on:
 - 1 donations (money & hardware)
 - 2 gift-economy

... truly remarkable in today “big” distro world

people trust Debian choices not to be “profit-driven”

Debian's special #4: decision making

1 do-ocracy

An individual Developer may make any technical or nontechnical decision with regard to their own work;

— Debian Constitution, §3.3.1.1

2 democracy

Each decision in the Project is made by one or more of the following:

1. The Developers, by way of General Resolution [...]

— Debian Constitution, §2

that means:

- reputation follows work
- no benevolent dictator, no oligarchy
- **no imposed decisions**
by who has money, infrastructure, people, ...

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Interlude — derivatives how to

Free Software 101

Freedom #2, to **redistribute** copies

Freedom #3, to **improve** the program, and **release** improvements

When applied to distros: derived distributions, AKA **derivatives**

- How?
- 1 take existing packages and add your extras
 - 2 patch & rebuild packages as needed
 - 3 sync periodically

Derivatives are game changers

Derivatives have changed the way in which distros are made

- derivatives' focus is on **customization**
- people power is needed “only” for that

everybody wins (if done properly)

- derivative: massive reuse of packaging work
- “mother” distro: reach out to new public
 - ▶ users *and* contributors

Debian derivatives

Debian: a base for ≈ 140 active derivatives — distrowatch.com

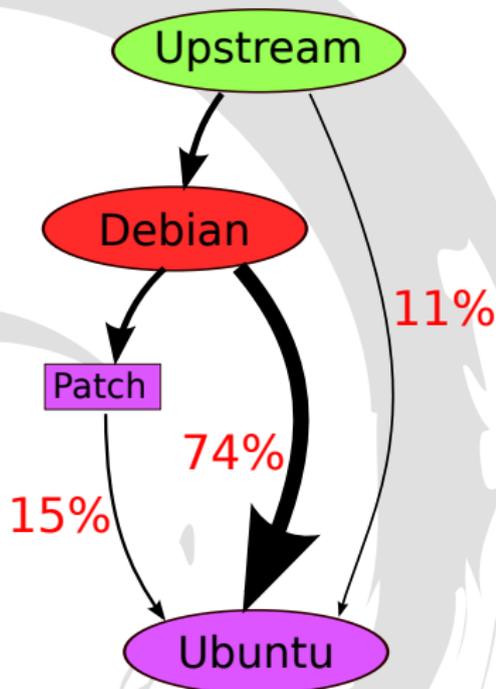
- Tucunare, LinEx, Inquisitor, Grml, UniventionCorporateServer, Vanillux, Emdebian, Crunchbang, PureOS, StormOS, Ubuntu, GNUSTEP, gNewSense, Debathena, Maemo, LMDE, SPACEflight, BCCD, Bayanihan, semplice, ArchivistaBox, Knoppix, Tails, BlankOn, AlienVault-OSSIM, DoudouLinux, Vyatta, Symbiosis, VoyageLinux, Lihuen, LinuxAdvanced, Aptosid, Canaima, siduction, ZevenOS-Neptune, BOSSlinux, Parsix, AstraLinux, ProgressLinux, Finnix, SprezzOS, CoreBiz, Epidemic-Linux, MetamorphoseLinux , ...

Why?

- quality & licensing assurances
- solid base system
- huge package base
- the “*universal OS*”, perfect for customizations

A Debian derivative example: Ubuntu

- started in 2004 by Canonical
target: desktop
- **Debian derivative**
- very popular (15–20x Debian?)
- historical/past correlations
 - main ↔ corporate
 - universe ↔ community
 - ▶ heavily customized/forked in main
 - ▶ very close to Debian elsewhere
- sprouting its own derivatives (≈80)
 - ▶ ... as Debian *transitive derivatives*



Data for Oneiric Ocelot, main + universe

Do you Debian?

- Ubuntu appears to be the most customized Debian derivative
- other derivs. ⇒ much larger amount of *pristine Debian packages*

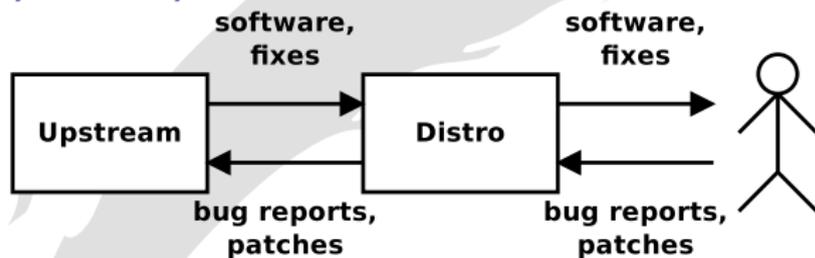
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if you are running a Debian (transitive) derivative, chances are **you heavily depend on Debian** and on its well-being

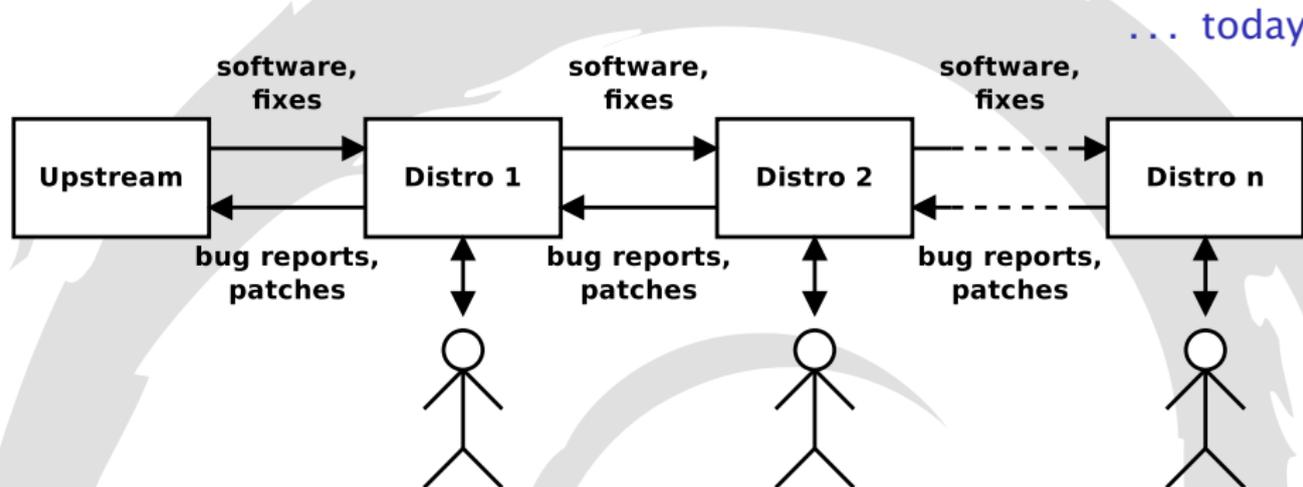
even if your distro hasn't told you

The distribution pipeline

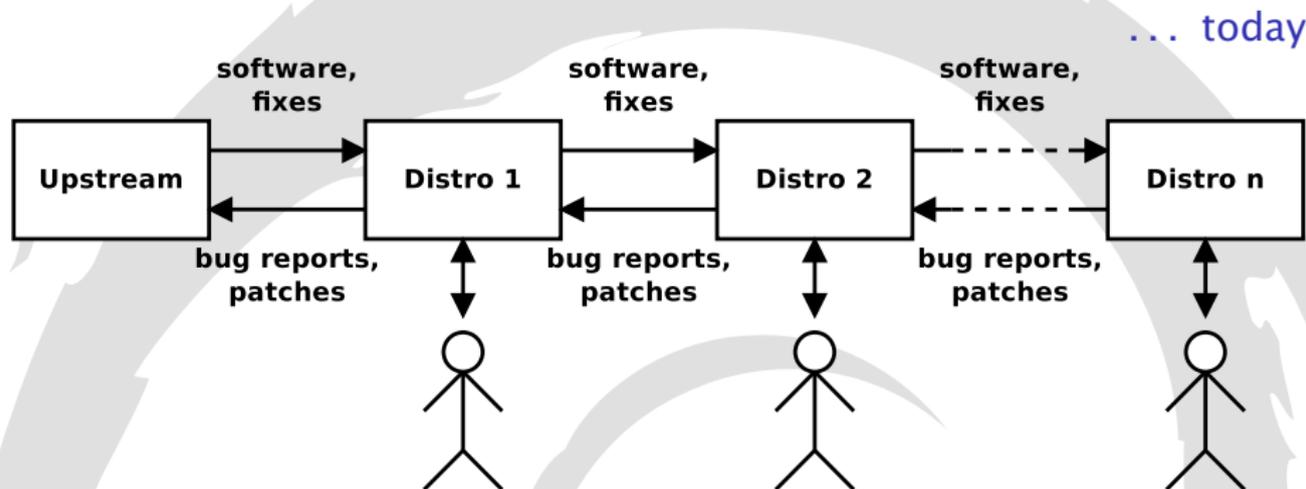
yesterday ...



The *new* distribution pipeline



The *new* distribution pipeline



That's wonderful!

- freedom spreads
- more eyeballs swallow more bugs
- more potential contributors

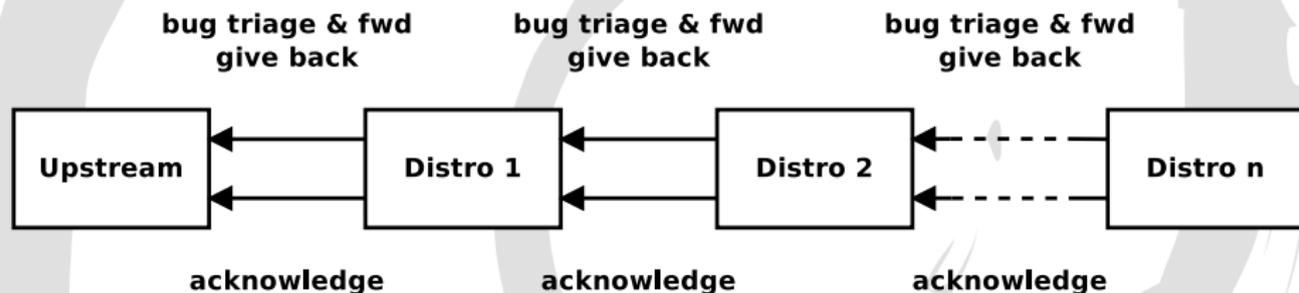
But.

- should be sustainable
- to everybody's benefit

Free Software 101 — redux

Free Software is bigger and more important than Debian and any other distro or project

- 1 **give back**, i.e. reduce patch flow viscosity
- 2 **give credit** where credit is due



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Contributing — donate to Debian

even if completely volunteer-driven, Debian uses **resources**

- **hardware** for essential services
 - ▶ archive, buildbots, devel. machines, ...
- **money** for hw-related services
 - ▶ guarantees, shipments, hosting, ...
- money to **sponsor developer meetings**
 - ▶ strengthen the community
 - ▶ get work done

Donations

- donations: <http://www.debian.org/donations>
- partners program: <http://www.debian.org/partners>

Contributing — work with Debian

- test, report, triage, fix bugs
 - ▶ reportbug on your Debian
 - ▶ <http://bugs.debian.org>
- translation (fr)
 - ▶ <http://wiki.debian.org/fr/DebianWiki>
 - ▶ <http://www.debian.org/intl/french/>
 - ▶ <http://lists.debian.org/debian-l10n-french/>
- documentation
- help with packaging

<http://wiki.debian.org/HelpDebian>

Contributing — join Debian

choose your commitment:

package maintainer: maintain packages, via **sponsoring Debian Maintainer (DM):** upload your own packages

- ▶ advocacies required

Debian Project Member (DD): become a Debian “citizen”

- ▶ <http://nm.debian.org>
- ▶ voting right
- ▶ upload access to the whole archive
- ▶ **all kinds of contributions are equally welcome!**

for packagers

Zack's tips for wannabe Debianers

- 1 choose a team: <http://wiki.debian.org/Teams>
- 2 stay on their mailing list and IRC channel
- 3 triage bugs, test patches, etc.
- 4 ... the rest will come!

for packagers

Want to know more?

- on the **web**
 - ▶ <http://www.debian.org>
 - ▶ <http://wiki.debian.org>
- **social media**: <http://identi.ca/debian>
- **mailing lists**: <http://lists.debian.org>
- **IRC**: #debian-* channels on irc.debian.org

- **ask me!**



Thanks!

Questions?

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