Debian: 20 years and counting

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20 October 2013 15 ans du CRANS École Normale Supérieure de Cachan Cachan, France

Free Software & your [digital] life

Lester picked up a screwdriver. "You see this? It's a tool. You can pick it up and you can unscrew stuff or screw stuff in. You can use the handle for a hammer. You can use the blade to open paint cans. You can throw it away, loan it out, or paint it purple and frame it." He thumped the printer. "This [Disney in a Box] thing is a tool, too, but it's not your tool. It belongs to someone else — Disney. It isn't interested in listening to you or obeying you. It doesn't want to give you more control over your life." [...]

"If you don't control your life, you're miserable. Think of the people who don't get to run their own lives: prisoners, reform-school kids, mental patients. There's something inherently awful about living like that. Autonomy makes us happy."

> Cory Doctorow, Makers http://craphound.com/makers/

Free Software, raw

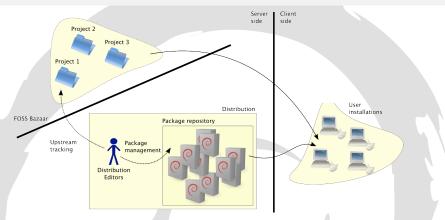
foo is cool, let's install it!

- download foo-1.0.tar.gz
 - checksum mismatch, missing public key, etc.
- ./configure
 - error: missing bar, baz, ...
- foreach (bar, baz, ...) go to 1 until (recursive) success
- make
 - error: symbol not found
- make install
 - error: cp: cannot create regular file /some/weird/path

now try scale that up to 17'000 sources releasing 3'000 new versions/month



Free Software, à point: distributions



- ease software management
- key notion: the package abstraction
- offer coherent software collections
- killer application: package managers (& installers)

Outline

- Debian and Wheezy
- 2 Specialties
- Derivatives
- Contribute

Debian: once upon a time

Fellow Linuxers,

This is just to announce the imminent completion of a brand-new Linux release, which I'm calling the Debian Linux Release. [...]

Ian A Murdock, 16/08/1993 comp.os.linux.development

- make GNU/Linux competitive with commercial OS
- easy to install
- built collaboratively by software experts
- 1 st major distro developed "openly in the spirit of GNU" FSF-supported for a while

of Debian: the operating system

flagship product: Debian stable

- binary distribution
- completely Free (DFSG)
- released every 24 months (≈)
- a dozen architectures
- archive-wide security support (3-3.5 years)



renowned for

ports, stability, packaging system, old hw support, documentation, smooth upgrades, i18n/l10n, the testing suite, runs anywhere, technical policy, package choice, ... one of the largest Free Software porting platforms

Debian 7.0 "Wheezy" — highlithgs

- multiarch
 - 3rd party software, easily
 - cross-compilation
- private cloud deployment
 - OpenStack, Xen/XCP, ...
- public cloud support
 - ► EC2, Azure, GCE, ...
- multimedia codecs & frontends
 - 3rd party repositories
- new archs: armhf, s390x
- desktop: GNOME 3.x, KDE Plasma 4.x, XFCE, ...



 upgrades throughout the archive

released: May 4th, 2013

Most popular GNU/Linux on the Web (\approx 33%) overall, 1+ Web server out of 10 (\approx 10%) runs Debian — w3techs.com, October 2013

$\frac{1}{3}$ of Debian: the Project

Common goal:

Create the best, Free operating system.

Debian Social Contract

(1997)

100% Free Software

don't hide problems

give back

• priorities: users & Free Software

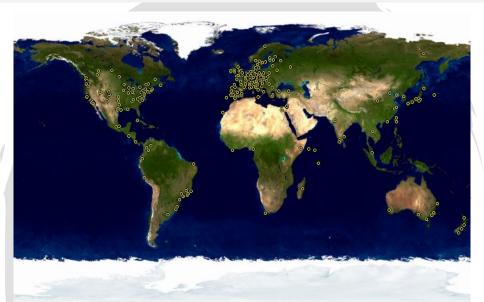
Debian Constitution

(1998)

Structures and rules of a Free-Software-compatible democracy

Strong motive to join: $\approx 1'000$ project members, world-wide

$\frac{1}{3}$ of Debian: the Project (cont.)



Demography

Developer's per country

2013 statistics:

http://www.perrier.eu.org/weblog/2013/07/27#

devel-countries-201307

Take a guess: France's position?

Demography

Developer's per country

2013 statistics:

```
http://www.perrier.eu.org/weblog/2013/07/27#devel-countries-201307
```

Take a guess: France's position?

in terms of...

- n. of (active) project members: #3
 (ranking: us, de, fr, uk, it, es, jp)
- n. of (active) project members pro capite: #11
 (after: most nothern EU countries)



$\frac{1}{3}$ of Debian: the community

Open development

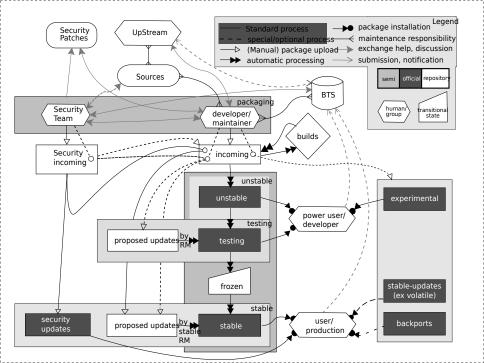
- we don't hide problem
- easy to have an impact (just "show me the code!")

Large amounts of communication

- mailing lists
- IRC
- (a few) Web services(, growing)
 - social: @debian, !debian on identi.ca

Large number of tech-savvy users

• users help each other, contribute patches, get involved



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Debian: one of a kind?

1993 — not many distros back then 20 years later — *lots* of other distros

 $(\approx 300 - DistroWatch)$

openSUSE, Linux Mint, PCLinuxOS, Slackware, Gentoo Linux, CentOS, FreeBSD, Arch, Sabayon, Puppy, Lubuntu, MEPIS, Ultimate, NetBSD, Tiny Core, Zenwalk, CrunchBang, Dreamlinux, Vector, Kubuntu, Maemo, Red Hat, aptosid, Peppermint, PC-BSD, Chakra, Salix, ClearOS, KNOPPIX, Xubuntu, Super OS, BackTrack, gOS, TinyMe, Zentyal, EasyPeasy, Frugalware, Clonezilla, Pardus, Meego, OpenBSD, Quirky, PC/OS, Zorin, Debian, SystemRescue, Element, Unity, SliTaz, Macpup, wattOS, Scientific, Mythbuntu, Slax, DragonFLY, Elive, Ilinux-gamers, 64 Studio, Ubuntu, mageia, Nexenta, Parisx, NuTyX, GhostBSD, Kongoni, moonOS, LFS, Lunar, Imagineos, Untangle, Fedora, Yellow Dog, aLinux, Yoper, IPFire, BlankOn, Mandriva, PureOS, FreeNAS, Moblin, Linpus, TurboLinux, blackPanther, . . .

with many differences:

- technical choices
- release management
- release schedule
- target user
- community

- support
- packaging system
- user base
- look & feel
- . . .

How is Debian different?

Debian's special #1: package quality

"Culture of technical excellence"

- package design: Policy
 i.e. "how a package should look like"
- package testing: lintian, piuparts, archive rebuilds (FTBFS), ...
- package maintainers are software experts
- no 2nd class packages, all are equal

Debian release mantra

we release when it's ready

Debian's special #2: freedom

Firm principles: developers and users bound by the Social Contract

- promoting the "culture of Free Software" since 1993
- Pree the bottom up
 - in its <u>software</u> firmware included!
 - in its <u>infrastructure</u>
 no non-free web services (for users)
 no non-free infrastructure (for developers)

Community awareness

- users know
- users trust Debian not to betray Free Software principles
- high bar for software freedom advocates



Debian's special #3: independence

Debian is an independent project

- no (single) company babysitting us
- living up on:
 - donations (money & hardware)
 - gift-economy
- ... truly remarkable in today "big" distro world

people trust Debian choices not to be "profit-driven"

Debian's special #4: decision making

do-ocracy

An individual Developer may make any technical or nontechnical decision with regard to their own work;

Debian Constitution, §3.3.1.1

democracy

Each decision in the Project is made by one or more of the following:

- 1. The Developers, by way of General Resolution [...]
 - Debian Constitution, §2

that means:

- reputation follows work
- no benevolent dictator, no oligarchy
- no imposed decisions
 by who has money, infrastructure, people, . . .

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Interlude — derivatives how to

Free Software 101

Freedom #0, to run the program, for any purpose Freedom #1, to study how the program works, and change it Freedom #2, to redistribute copies Freedom #3, to improve the program, and release improvements

When applied to distros: derived distributions, AKA derivatives

- How? take existing packages and add your extras
 - patch & rebuild packages as needed
 - sync periodically

Derivatives are game changers

Derivatives have changed the way in which distros are made

- derivatives' focus is on customization
- people power is needed "only" for that

everybody wins (if done properly)

- derivative: massive reuse of packaging work
- "mother" distro: reach out to new public
 - users and contributors



Debian derivatives

Debian: a base for ≈ 140 active derivatives

DistroWatch

 Tucunare, LinEx, Inquisitor, Grml, UniventionCorporateServer, Vanillux, Emdebian, Crunchbang, PureOS, StormOS, Ubuntu, GNUSTEP, gNewSense, Debathena, Maemo, LMDE, SPACEflight, BCCD, Bayanihan, semplice, ArchivistaBox, Knoppix, Tails, BlankOn, AlienVault-OSSIM, DoudouLinux, Vyatta, Symbiosis, VoyageLinux, Lihuen, LinuxAdvanced, Aptosid, Canaima, siduction, ZevenOS-Neptune, BOSSlinux, Parsix, AstraLinux, ProgressLinux, Finnix, SprezzOS, CoreBiz, Epidemic-Linux, MetamorphoseLinux, . . .

Why?

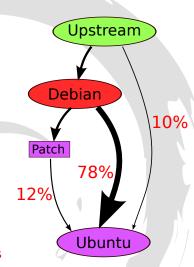
- quality & licensing assurances
- solid base system
- huge package base
- the "universal OS", perfect for customizations

A Debian derivative example: Ubuntu

- started in 2004 by Canonical target: desktop
- Debian derivative
- very popular (15-20x Debian?)
- historical/past correlations

main ↔ corporate universe ↔ community

- heavily customized/forked in main
- very close to Debian elsewhere
- sprouting its own derivatives (≈80)
 - ... as Debian transitive derivatives



Data for Raring Ringtail, Jan 2013, main + universe

Do you Debian?

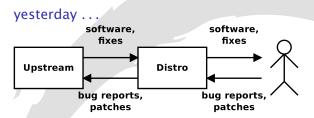
- Ubuntu appears to be the most customized Debian derivative
- other derivatives ⇒ much closer to *pristine* Debian

Tucunare, LinEx, Inquisitor, Grml, UniventionCorporateServer, Vanillux, Emdebian, Crunchbang, PureOS, StormOS, Ubuntu, GNUSTEP, gNewSense, Debathena, Maemo, LMDE, SPACEflight, BCCD, Bayanihan, semplice, ArchivistaBox, Knoppix, Tails, BlankOn, AlienVault-OSSIM, DoudouLinux, Vyatta, Symbiosis, VoyageLinux, Lihuen, LinuxAdvanced, Aptosid, Canaima, siduction, ZevenOS-Neptune, BOSSlinux, Parsix, AstraLinux, ProgressLinux, Finnix, SprezzOS, CoreBiz, Epidemic-Linux, MetamorphoseLinux, Debian, Xubuntu, Linux Mint, Ubuntu Studio, Mythbuntu, ArtistX, Asturix, Peppermint OS, TurnKey Linux, Kubuntu, Caixa Mágica, Lubuntu, . . .

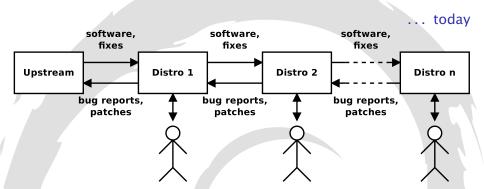
if you are running a Debian (transitive) derivative, chances are you heavily depend on Debian and on its well-being

even if your distro hasn't told you

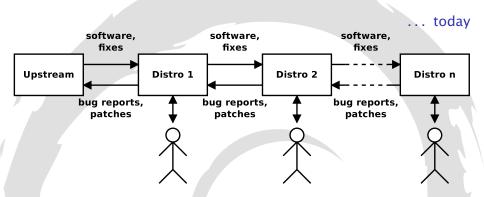
The distribution pipeline



The *new* distribution pipeline



The new distribution pipeline



That's wonderful!

- freedom spreads
- more eyeballs swallow more bugs
- more potential contributors

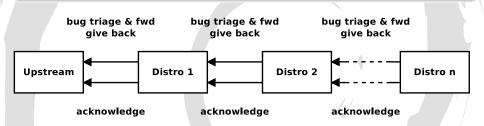
But.

- should be sustainable
- to everybody's benefit

Free Software 101 — redux

Free Software is bigger and more important than Debian and any other distro or project

- give back, i.e. reduce patch flow viscosity
- give credit where credit is due



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Donate to Debian

even if completely volunteer-driven, Debian needs resources

- hardware for essential services
 - archive, buildds, devel. machines, . . .
- money for hardware-related services
 - guarantees, shipments, hosting, ...
- money to sponsor developer meetings
 - strengthen the community
 - get work done

Donations

- donations: http://www.debian.org/donations
- partners program: http://www.debian.org/partners

Contributing #1 — using Debian

- test, report, triage, fix bugs
 - reportbug on your Debian, http://bugs.debian.org
- 2 monitor packages you care about
 - subscribe on http://packages.qa.debian.org



- try to reproduce bug and provide patches
- (eventually, become co-maintainer)



Contributing #2 — adopt packages in need of love

• find the ones you use:

```
apt-get install devscripts ; wnpp-alert
apt-get install how-can-i-help
```

learn packaging with the Debian packaging tutorial

```
http://www.debian.org/doc/manuals/
packaging-tutorial/packaging-tutorial.en.pdf
```

or:

apt-get install packaging-tutorial

(aussi disponible en français!)

Contributing #3 — join packaging teams

- many teams
- focused on a programming language or on a field of use
 - Python, Java, Perl, Ruby, OCaml, . . .
 - ▶ Bluetooth, Cloud, Games, Med, Science, VoIP, ...

- excellent way to learn from experienced contributors
 - http://wiki.debian.org/Teams#Packaging_teams

Contributing #4 — hack on the Debian infrastructure

- suitable for all programmers
- opportunity
 - complex and heterogeneous infrastructure
 - impact on millions of (indirect) users
- services provide link to source code in page footer

Example (http://buildd.debian.org)

The source code for wanna-build is available as a Git repository (Gitweb). [...] sbuild and buildd live together in the sbuild.git repository (Gitweb) in the buildd-tools Alioth project.

Example (http://sources.debian.net)

Debsources — Copyright (C) 2011-2013 Matthieu Caneill, Stefano Zacchiroli, and contributors. License: GNU AGPLv3. [...] Source code: Git. Contact: info@sources.debian.net.

Contributing #5 — work on non-development tasks

- translation
- design (themes, websites)
- communication (newsletters & press releases)
- events (DebConf, mini-DebConf)
- videoteam
- documentation
- accounting
- . . .

Fundamental activities for the Debian Project to live long and prosper.

http://wiki.debian.org/Teams

Join Debian

choose your commitment:

package maintainer: maintain packages, via sponsoring

Debian Maintainer (DM): upload your own packages

advocacies required

Debian Project Member (DD): become a Debian "citizen"

- http://nm.debian.org
- voting right
- upload access to the whole archive

for packagers

all kinds of contributions equally welcome!

Zack's tips for wannabe Debianers

- pick a team: http://wiki.debian.org/Teams
- 2 stay on their mailing list and IRC channel
- 3 triage bugs, test patches, etc.
- 4 ... the rest will come!

Association Debian France

L'Association Debian France a pour buts le soutien et la promotion du Projet Debian en France.

- activités récentes
 - production de goodies (polos, Buff, autocollants, ...)
 - organisation mini-DebConf Paris 2012 (150 contributeurs Debian de toute Europe)
 - présence Debian à Solution Linux 2012 et 2013
 - meetup
 - 1e soirée. le 16 octobre: ≈40 personnes, talks, gpg, pizza!
 - mini-DebConf Paris 2014 en janvier/février

http://france.debian.net/

Want to know more?

- on the web
 - http://www.debian.org
 - http://wiki.debian.org
- social media: http://identi.ca/debian
- mailing lists: http://lists.debian.org
- IRC: #debian-* channels on irc.debian.org
- ask me!

Thanks!

Questions?

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http://identi.ca/zack

about the slides: available at

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