Preserving Source Code

Challenges and Opportunities for the Reproductibility of Science

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Software Heritage

Outline



How we built our scientific knowledge

The experimental method



- make an observation
- formulate an *hypothesis*
- set up an experiment
- formulate a *theory*

And then we reproduce and verify.



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Reproducibility is the key



non-reproducible single occurrences are of no significance to science

Karl Popper, The Logic of Scientific Discovery, 1934

Reproducibility (Wikipedia)

the ability of an entire experiment or study to be *reproduced*, either by the researcher or *by someone else working independently*. It is one of the main principles of the scientific method.

Why we want it

- foundation of the scientific method
- accelerator of research: allows to build upon previous work
- visibility: reproducible results are cited more often
- transparency of results eases acceptance
- necessary for industrial transfer

reproducibility is the essence of industry!

Reproducibility in the digital age

For an experiment involving software, we need open access to the scientific article describing it open data sets used in the experiment source code of all the components environment of execution stable references between all this

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Remark

The first two items are already widely discussed!

... what about *software*?

Software is Knowledge

Software is an essential component of modern scientific research

Top 100 papers (Nature, October 2014)

[...] the vast majority describe experimental methods or software that have become essential in their fields.

http://www.nature.com/news/
the-top-100-papers-1.16224



Software and reproducibility

A fundamental question

How are we doing, regarding reproducibility, in Software?

The case of Computer Systems Research

A field with Computer experts ... we have high expectations! Christian Collberg set out to check them.

Measuring Reproducibility in Computer Systems Research

Long and detailed technical report, March 2014 http://reproducibility.cs.arizona.edu/v1/tr.pdf

Collberg's report from the trenches

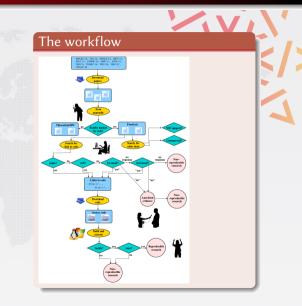
Analysis of 613 papers

- 8 ACM conferences: ASPLOS'12, CCS'12, OOPSLA'12, OSDI'12, PLDI'12, SIGMOD'12, SOSP'11, VLDB'12
- 5 journals: TACO'9, TISSEC'15, TOCS'30, TODS'37, TOPLAS'34

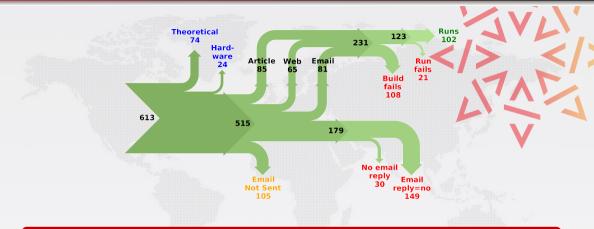
all very practical oriented

The basic question

can we get the code to build and run?



The result



This can be debated (see http: //cs.brown.edu/~sk/Memos/Examining-Reproducibility/), but...

... that's a whopping 81% of non reproducible works!

Why so much software fails to pass the test?

Many issues, nice anecdotes, and it finally boils down to

- Availability
- Traceability
- Environment
- Automation (do you use continuous integration?)
- Documentation
- Understanding (including free/open source software)

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The first two are important software preservation issues

Yes, code is fragile:

it can be destroyed, and we can lose trace of it



Like all digital information, FOSS is fragile

- inconsiderate and/or malicious code loss (e.g., Code Spaces)
- business-driven code loss (e.g., Gitorious, Google Code)
- for obsolete code: physical media decay (data rot)

Software is fragile



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Where is the archive...

where we go if (a repository on) GitHub or GitLab.com goes away?

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Software is spread all around



Fashion victims

- many disparate development platforms
- a myriad places where distribution may happen
- projects tend to migrate from one place to another over time

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Fashion victims

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- a myriad places where distribution may happen
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Where is the place ...

where we can find, track and search *all* source code?

Outline



The Software Heritage Project



Our mission

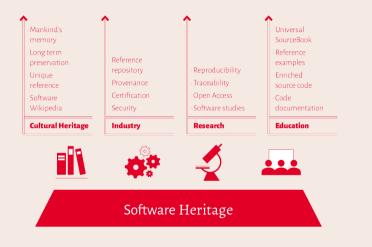
Collect, preserve and share the source code of all the software that is publicly available.

Past, present and future

Preserving the past, enhancing the present, preparing the future.

We are working on the foundations

one infrastructure to build them all



Supporting more accessible and reproducible science



A global library referencing all software used in all research fields

- completes the infrastructure for Open Access in science
- provides intrinsic persistent identifiers needed for scientific reproducibility
- enables large scale, verifiable software studies

Software lacks its own research infrastructure



A wealth of software research on crucial issues...

- safety, security, test, verification, proof
- software engineering, software evolution
- big data, machine learning, empirical studies

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If you study the stars, you go to Atacama...

... where is the *very large telescope* of source code?

Better software for industry and society



A unique reference catalog of all industrial software components

- a single entry point to discover, explore and reuse source code
- eases vulnerability tracking for more secure software
- simplifies traceability for better software integration
- ensures long term preservation of critical software

Fostering wider education to computing



A global source referencing all software

- a source book for technological education
- intrinsic persistent identifiers for stable course materials
- enables real-world, semi-automated documentation

Outline



Archiving goals

Targets: VCS repositories & source code releases (e.g., tarballs)

We DO archive

- file content (= blobs)
- revisions (= commits), with full metadata
- releases (= tags), ditto
- where (origin) & when (visit) we found any of the above

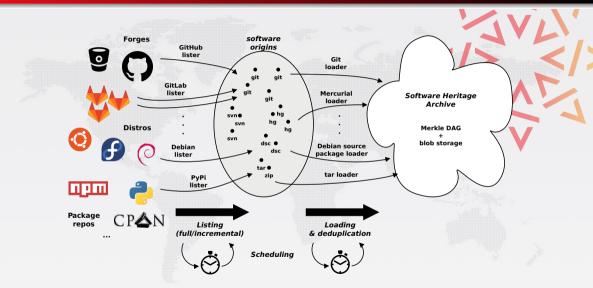
... in a VCS-/archive-agnostic canonical data model

We DON'T archive

- homepages, wikis
- BTS/issues/code reviews/etc.
- mailing lists

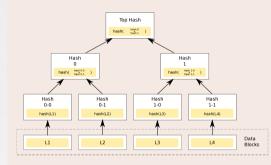
Long term vision: play our part in a "semantic wikipedia of software"

Data flow



Merkle trees

Merkle tree (R. C. Merkle, Crypto 1979)



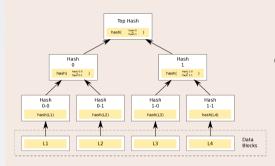
Combination of

• tree

hash function

Merkle trees

Merkle tree (R. C. Merkle, Crypto 1979)



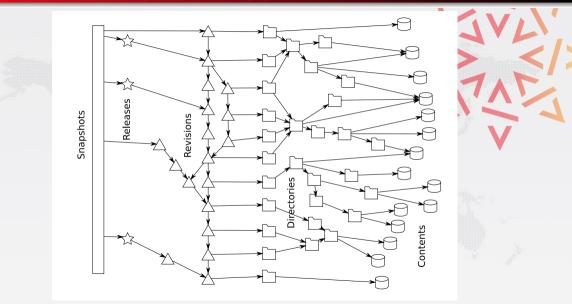
Combination of

tree

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Classical cryptographic construction

- fast, parallel signature of large data structures
- widely used (e.g., Git, blockchains, IPFS, ...)
- built-in deduplication





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Preanble

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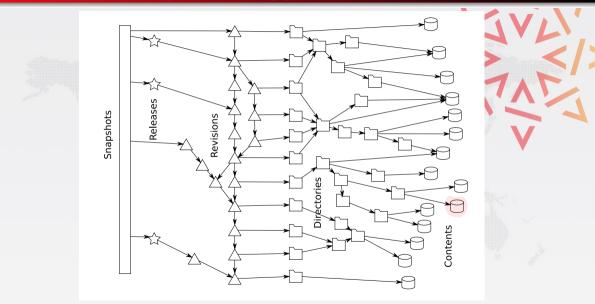
The Licenses for next software and other practical works are designed to take may your freedom to have and change the works. By contrast, the GML dimension and the software takes and the software of the software software for all it licenses is a provide take and the software for all its users. We, the free Software foundation, use the GML dimension and the software for most of our software; it applies also to your programs, those.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Dur General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for then if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do the ta

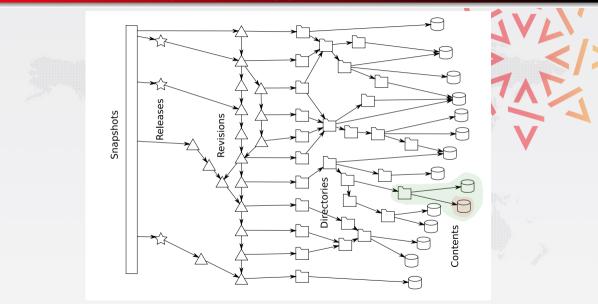
To protect your rights, we need to pre-

sha1: 8624bcdae55baeef... sha256: 8ceb4b9ee5aded... sha1_git: 94a9ed024d385... length: 35147









Revisions

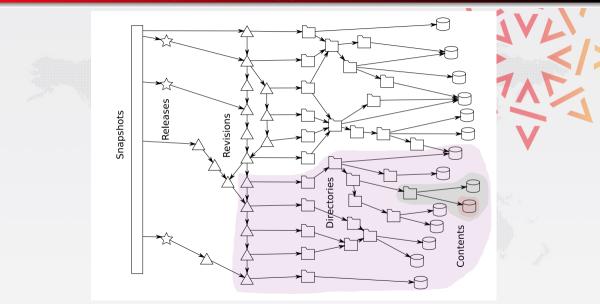


provenance tasks: add the revision -> origin cache task

id: 963634dca6ba5dc37e3ee426ba091092c267f9f6



The Software Heritage archive: a gigantic Merkle DAG



The Software Heritage archive: a gigantic Merkle DAG

Releases

object c0c9f16b1e134f593e7567570a1761b156e6eb1d type commit tag v0.051 tagger Nicolas Dandrimont <nicolas@dandrimont.eu> 1472042163 +0200

Release swh.storage v0.0.51

tag v0.0.51 Tagger: Nicolas Dandrimont <nicolas@dandrimont.eu> Date: Wed Aug 24 14:36:03 2016 +0200

Release swh.storage v0.0.51

- Add new metadata column to origin_visit - Update swh-add-directory script for updated API [...]

commit c0c9f16b1e134f593e7567570a1761b156e6eb1d

- Add new metadata column to origin_visit - Update swh-add-directory script for updated API —-BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE—-

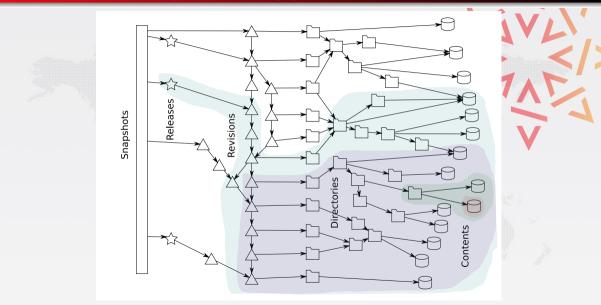
---END PGP SIGNATURE---



id: 85083a5cc14a441c89dea73f5bdf67c3f9c6afdb



The Software Heritage archive: a gigantic Merkle DAG



Outline



Archive coverage

Our sources

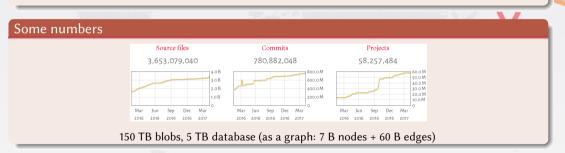
- GitHub full, up-to-date mirror
- Debian, GNU one shot ingestion experiment (up to Aug 2015)
- Gitorious, Google Code local copy (Archive Team & Google)
- Bitbucket WIP



Archive coverage

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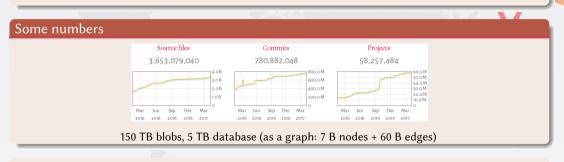
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The *richest* source code archive already, ... and growing daily!

Web API

Fresh from the oven: first public version of our Web API https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/



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Features

- pointwise browsing of the Software Heritage archive
 - ... releases \rightarrow revisions \rightarrow directories \rightarrow contents ...
- full access to the metadata of archived objects
- crawling information
 - when have you last visited this Git repository I care about?
 - where were its branches/tags pointing to at the time?

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Complete endpoint index

https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/

A tour of the Web API – origins & visits

```
GET https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/origin/
      git/url/https://github.com/hvlang/hv
{ "id": 1.
  "origin_visits_url": "/api/1/origin/1/visits/",
  "type": "git",
  "url": "https://github.com/hylang/hy"
GET https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/origin/
      1/visits/
  . . . .
  { "date": "2016-09-14T11:04:26.769266+00:00",
    "origin": 1,
    "origin visit url": "/api/1/origin/1/visit/13/",
    "status": "full",
    "visit": 13
  }. ...
```

A tour of the Web API – snapshots

```
GET https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/origin/
1/visit/13/
```

```
. . . .
"occurrences": { ....
  "refs/heads/master": {
    "target": "b94211251...",
    "target type": "revision",
    "target url": "/api/1/revision/b94211251.../"
  "refs/tags/0.10.0": {
    "target": "7045404f3...",
    "target_type": "release",
    "target_url": "/api/1/release/7045404f3.../"
  }. ...
},
"origin": 1,
"origin url": "/api/1/origin/1/",
"status": "full".
"visit": 13
```

A tour of the Web API – revisions

```
GET https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/revision/
6072557b6c10cd9a21145781e26ad1f978ed14b9/
```

```
"author": {
  "email": "tag@pault.ag",
  "fullname": "Paul Tagliamonte <tag@pault.ag>",
  "id": 96.
  "name": "Paul Tagliamonte"
}.
"committer": { ... }.
"date": "2014-04-10T23:01:11-04:00".
"committer date": "2014-04-10T23:01:11-04:00",
"directory": "2df4cd84e...",
"directory url": "/api/1/directory/2df4cd84e.../",
"history_url": "/api/1/revision/6072557b6.../log/",
"merge": false,
"message": "0.10: The Oh f*ck it's PyCon release",
"parents": [ {
   "id": "10149f66e...".
   "url", "/ani/1/revision/101/0f66e
                                         / 11
         Stefano Zacchiroli
```

A tour of the Web API – contents

GET https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/content/ adc83b19e793491b1c6ea0fd8b46cd9f32e592fc/

```
"data_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:adc83b19e.../raw/",
"filetype_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:.../filetype/",
"language_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:.../language/",
"length": 1,
"license_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:.../license/",
"sha1": "adc83b19e...",
"sha1_git": "8b1378917...",
"sha256": "01ba4719c...",
"status": "visible"
```

A tour of the Web API – contents

GET https://archive.softwareheritage.org/api/1/content/ adc83b19e793491b1c6ea0fd8b46cd9f32e592fc/

```
"data_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:adc83b19e.../raw/",
"filetype_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:.../filetype/",
"language_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:.../language/",
"length": 1,
"license_url": "/api/1/content/sha1:.../license/",
"sha1": "adc83b19e...",
"sha1_git": "8b1378917...",
"sha256": "01ba4719c...",
"status": "visible"
```

Caveats

- rate limits apply throughout the API
- blob download available for selected contents

Roadmap



Features...

- (done) lookup by content hash
- browsing: "wayback machine" for archived code
 - (done) via Web API
 - (todo) via Web UI
- (todo) download: wget / git clone from the archive
- (todo) provenance information for all archived content
- (todo) full-text search on all archived source code files

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... and much more than one could possibly imagine

all the world's software development history in a single graph!

• big, but not *that* big - it's all text (in the good repos...)

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 - hundreds of TB is taxing for volunteer mirror operators
 - good replication properties: append only, self healing
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- full text indexes
 - might be arbitrary large, but entirely derived data
 - AST-based search won't work: too much diversity
 - "stupid" stemming? trigrams?

Challenges — operational accountability

- the mission is more important than any of us
- how can we prove we're pursuing it as soundly as possible?
- ... and recover from mistakes if/when they happen?

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- difficult at this scale
- some elements of response:
 - 100% FOSS & open development

Outline



You can help... coders!

Coding

- www.softwareheritage.org/community/developers/
- forge.softwareheritage.org our own code

Join us

- www.softwareheritage.org/jobs job openings
- wiki.softwareheritage.org/index.php?title=Internships - internships

You can help... scientists!

Community

- www.softwareheritage.org/community/scientists/
- swh-science@inria.fr
- wiki.softwareheritage.org/index.php?title=Working_ groups

Working groups (planned)

- Extending the archive
 - Source Discovery and Ingestion
 - Metadata and Linked Data
- Evolving the archive
 - Modeling and Ingesting Version control systems
 - Distribution, Replication and Query

Working groups (planned)

- Connecting the archive
 - Reproducibility of Software
 - Open Access and Data
- Using the archive
 - Scientific API
 - Ethical and Legal Issues and Environment

Sharing the Software Heritage vision



Sponsoring Software Heritage work



Going global



Conclusion

Software Heritage is

- a *reference archive* of *all* FOSS ever written
- a unique *complement* for *development platforms*
- an international, open, nonprofit, mutualized infrastructure
- at the service of our community, at the service of society

Come in, we're open!

www.softwareheritage.org - sponsoring, job openings wiki.softwareheritage.org - internships, working groups forge.softwareheritage.org - our own code

References

Di Cosmo and Zacchiroli, *Software Heritage: How and Why to Preserve Software Source Code*, iPRES 2017 (to appear). Draft: https://upsilon.cc/~zack/stuff/software-heritage-draft.pdf

FAQ: how about SHA1 collisions?

```
create domain sha1 as bytea
  check (length(value) = 20);
create domain sha1_git as bytea
  check (length(value) = 20);
create domain sha256 as bytea
  check (length(value) = 32);
```

```
create table content (
   sha1   sha1 primary key,
   sha1_git sha1_git not null,
   sha256   sha256 not null,
   length   bigint not null,
   ctime   timestamptz not null default now(),
   status   content_status not null default 'visible',
   object_id bigserial
);
```

create unique index on content(sha1_git); create unique index on content(sha256);