

# Logiciel Libre

## TP 1 — Project Presentation

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URL <https://epsilon.cc/zack/teaching/1920/loglib/>  
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# Evaluation — reminder

- 1 exam
- 2 TD: +0/+1/+2 bonus on the final grade
  - ▶ exercises
  - ▶ short essays on selected topics
  - ▶ to be submitted via Moodle
- 3 project (mandatory, not CC)

## Final note

- 1e session: 50% exam + 50% project + TD bonus
- 2e session: 50% exam + 50% project + TD bonus

## Project — principle

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to a relevant, existing, Free Software project.

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- ...code contribution

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- to a relevant [project]. . .
- . . . existing . . .
- . . . Free Software project

- work individually or in pairs (*binômes*)
- no exceptions for groups  $> 2$

# Project — step-by-step guide

- 1 find a project you're excited about
- 2 learn the basics of the project
- 3 find an open issue you'd like to fix
- 4 agree with me on the task
- 5 get the fix done locally
- 6 push your changes upstream
- 7 write a report

## Step 1 — find a project you're excited about

- *any* Free Software project you like
  - ▶ must be licensed under a FOSS license, i.e., a license that is *both* OSI<sup>1</sup> and FSF<sup>2</sup> approved

- 
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- try to find a match between your skills and the technologies used by the project (prog. language, framework, tools, etc.)
- **tip:** choose a project that maintains a list of “easy hacks”, “bugs for newcomers”, etc. Some meta-lists exist:
  - ▶ <http://up-for-grabs.net/>
  - ▶ <https://yourfirstpr.github.io>
  - ▶ [https://openhatch.org/wiki/Easy\\_bugs\\_for\\_newcomers](https://openhatch.org/wiki/Easy_bugs_for_newcomers)

### Example

Debian, Django, Fedora, GNOME, KDE, LibreOffice, Linux Kernel, Mediawiki, Mozilla, OpenMRS, OpenOffice, OpenStack, Python, Snowdrift, Ubuntu, VLC, ...

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## Step 2 — learn the basics of the project

- how to obtain the code (e.g., VCS) of the current development version of the project
- how to build (dependencies, build instruction, README, etc.)
- how to install on your machine
- how to run on your machine

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- look for intro development documentation (and read it :-))

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- look for intro development documentation (and read it :-))
  
- try to make a tiny teeny modification
  - ▶ e.g., change a label in a UI element, print a debug message at some point, ...
- compile, install, run ← verify that your change is in

## Step 3 — find an open issue you'd like to fix

- Bug Tracking System of the project (often on GitHub/GitLab, but might be something else)
- list of “easy hacks” (see before)
- feature requests by users
  - ▶ tip: only consider those that have been acknowledged by developers
- bug you find (and report) yourself
- tackle item on project “roadmap” (more challenging)
  
- try to reproduce bugs: do they affect your build of the development version too?
  
- choose a task

## Step 4 — agree with me on the task

- without preliminary agreement with me, the chosen task does not constitute a valid project

## Step 5 — get the fix done locally

- fix the bug / implement the missing feature

this is the easy part :-)

(but really, it is)

## Step 6 — push your changes upstream

- produce a patch / pull request / merge request / whatever is customary for the project you've chosen
- inform the developers of your work, attaching your changes
- convince them that your code is good and worth being integrated (“upstream”) as part of the project code
- this might require several iterations during which you improve your code or workflow
- remember: upstream developers have the last word, it's your responsibility to convince them

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- remember: upstream developers have the last word, it's your responsibility to convince them
- if you hit a wall, go back to steps 1 or 3 and pick another project/task
  - ▶ hence, better start well in advance!

## Interlude — exclusion criteria

- do not use the fact this is a university assignment as leverage to convince upstream developers
- it will not work
  - ▶ in fact: it will likely work *against* you
- and if I find evidence of it, e.g.:  
~~“pour le cours de Logiciel Libre de M. Zacchiroli je dois contribuer un patch à votre projet, pourriez vous m’aider s’il vous plaît?”~~  
your project grade will be 0
- your *contribution* should be convincing, not your status as a student

## Step 7 — write a report

Length: 10 pages max.

The structure of the report is up to you, but it must contain at least the following information:

- background: chosen project, reasons for that choice
- technicalities: short technical description of the chosen project (programming language, frameworks, tools, etc.)
- background: chosen task, reasons for that choice
- technical description of your work: what have you done? how?
- references to **public evidence** of your work: patches sent to Bug Tracking Systems / PR / MR, mailing list threads, etc.
  - ▶ corollary: make sure your contributions are either associated to your fullname, or enable me to check that your nickname corresponds to your identity (e.g., by publishing a private “gist”)
- public evidence of the fact your work has been integrated upstream (e.g., commit on the master branch)
- discussion: difficulties encountered, feedback, etc.

- parts of the TD sessions will be dedicated to work on the project
- I'm available throughout the full process (both during dedicated TPs and elsewhere) to give you feedback, hints, and advice for your specific project

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